Because you have rejected knowledge, I also will reject you from being priest for Me; because you have forgotten the law of your God, I also will forget your children. ’The more they increased, the more they sinned against Me; I will change their glory into shame’” (Hosea 4:6, 7, NKJV).

“The replacement or the dilution of the essential truths of the gospel through the incorporation of non-Christian elements” compromises our faith and will lead us to lack the true knowledge of our Lord and Savior. And if this is how we want to multiply our numbers, the Bible says the more we increase in this fashion, the more we will sin against the Lord, and He will shame us.

Gureny Lukwara
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The impact of culture on religious belief and practice is evident throughout Scripture. It appears that God followed a current cultural practice when He asked Abraham to divide the animals of sacrifice and then moved between them as part of a covenant-making ceremony with the patriarch. God can speak to us only in a language which we can understand. However, when we join God’s work in sharing religious beliefs across cultural boundaries, we find this work brings with it the blessings of challenge; not only do those evangelized face a new worldview that shakes their cultural assumptions, but missionaries often learn that their own cherished cultural ways of life may include assumptions that do not follow Christian principles. The strong clashes between adherents to Jewish traditions and those advocating a path for Gentile converts that was as free from cultural barriers as possible was evident in Paul and Peter’s struggles in the days of the early church. However, both Peter and Paul knew of the importance of conversion; they had both met a revolutionizing Christ who, while He was patient and long-suffering with their human weaknesses, did not allow them to remain in their old patterns of thought and behavior, but constantly called them higher. Both evangelized and evangelizers must relinquish their treasured cultures to the revolutionary fires of the gospel, and be renewed and reshaped every day along the patterns of Christ’s ways of thinking and living. Conversion puts one wholesale in Christ’s camp, though it may take a lifetime to learn to contextualize Christian principles into our day-to-day life.

Cheryl Woolsey Des Jarlais
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There is a very shiny lining to the last-day clouds amassing on humanity’s horizon.

Y ears ago, three men waited for a train. At the station they fell into deep discussion and became totally oblivious of the train’s arrival. When the whistle sounded, all three made a mad dash to the nearest door. In that part of the world, steps led up to a platform, from which the door could be opened. Two of them rushed fast enough to get onto the steps, but the last one couldn’t quite make it, and the train left him behind.

In the deep shadows, a man observed all of this. He noticed the three men deep in discussion until the whistle sounded and then the mad dash. He noted that the one left behind suddenly burst out laughing and had to find out why. So he came to him and asked, “Sir, I know it’s none of my business, but I saw all that just happened. I saw your friends catch the train, and you left behind. Why are you laughing?”

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These are stunning revelations when you realize that these represent a cross-section of Seventh-day Adventist international youth, studying a variety of majors. They are among the final generation, yet many do not want to be! There’s something radically wrong here.

The man chuckled. “Those two men came down here to see me off.” How important it is to be focused! Some sincere Adventists are caught up in deep discussions about the times of trouble ahead while oblivious to Christ standing among them, waiting to take them through last-day events.

I once surveyed some students studying last-day events at Southern Adventist University in Collegedale, Tennessee. This took place near the beginning of a semester. The results: 49 percent said they were worried about the pre-advent judgment; 56 percent expressed fear about last-day events; in fact, 41 percent said they would rather die than go through last-day events; 37 percent expressed the belief that they would gain entrance to heaven through Christ’s sacrifice plus their human works; 50 percent said they were not sure they would be saved if they died today; and yet 88 percent claimed they know Christ as a personal friend.

These are stunning revelations when you realize that these represent a cross-section of Seventh-day Adventist international youth, studying a variety of majors. They are among the final generation, yet many do not want to be! There’s something radically wrong here. And who could say that the results would be any better if their elders were canvassed? These students have received the message about trouble in Scripture, but they have it out of context, and it has brought upon them unnecessary worry.

One student blurted out, “I’d rather die and go to heaven via resurrection than live through last-day events!” So many are afraid of Revelation 13. Yes, the chapter is bad news to many Seventh-day Adventists. They think of the sea beast (or what Adventist historicists have interpreted, along with a number of early reformers, as the Papacy). The Greek for beast is therion, or wild beast, and it is blasphemous (vs. 1), and wars against the saints (vs. 7). Then the earth beast (which we have believed points to the U.S.A) is the same kind (Gr. allos) of beast, a wild one (therion), just like the Papacy. The United States forces the world to worship the Papacy (vs. 12), deceives the world through miracles (vss. 13, 14), passes a death decree against the saints (vs. 15), and forces everyone to receive a mark (vs. 16). Here’s a global confederation led by the Papacy and enforced by America against the saints who are described as commandment keepers in Revelation 12:17 and as worshipers of the Creator in 14:7, suggesting they are Sabbath keepers. Seventh-day Adventists see the final battle over worship, and the Sunday/Sabbath issue as central.

The whole world follows the Papacy (Rev. 13:3), yet people from every nation, tribe, language, and people are Sabbath keepers. Here are two global churches: one that, with the world, worships Satan and the Papacy (vs. 4); and one that worships Christ, who made the heavens and the earth and gave mankind the Sabbath. There’s no room here for congregationalism. God’s end-time church is as global as the Papacy. Former Jesuit Malachi Martin didn’t grasp this fact in his book, The Keys of This Blood, in which he says Seventh-day Adventists need to collaborate “in the building of a geopolitical structure” or they will “diminish in numbers and influence, and finally lose their identity as operative parts in the new world order.”

We have news for him, don’t we? And that has everything to do with the good news that is found in the biblical context of Revelation 13. The issue in Revelation 13 is worship—false worship...
is forced upon all humanity, but the saints will stand for the truth and worship Christ alone. The call to “worship Him who made heaven and earth, the sea and springs of water” (Rev. 14:7, NKJV) comes from the Sabbath commandment (Ex. 20:11).

Three General Comments

Before looking at the context of Revelation 13, three general comments are in order:

Resting in Christ, King of Kings. Babylon is an appropriate name for this anti-truth conglomerate. They are like those who built the tower of Babel to save themselves apart from God. In contrast, Sabbath keepers worship the Lord of the Sabbath, are like those who built the tower of Babylon is an appropriate name for events. His responsibility is to get us through this. Our responsibility is to rest in Him in utter trust. That takes away the fear. Anything less is only a facade of Calvary achievement, even if it’s done by worried saints wanting to survive the end. Just as Christ brought us into this world as a gift, so He will get us into the next world as a gift. The only difference is we can turn Him down now—or accept Him. To trust Him and not ourselves—that’s the good news about last-day events! Frightened saints are afraid because they want to take personal responsibility for getting through last-day events—a responsibility that belongs to Christ alone.

Depending on Human Kings. An overview of the end time of Revelation 13 is given in Revelation 17:12-14: “The ten horns you saw are ten kings who have not yet received a kingdom, but who for one hour will receive authority as kings along with the beast. They have one purpose and will give their power and authority to the beast. They will make war against the Lamb, but the Lamb will overcome them because he is Lord of lords and King of kings—and with him will be his called, chosen and faithful followers” (NIV).

The kings of the world will support the Papacy. They have one purpose: to war against the Lamb of God, Christ in His office as humanity’s only Savior. Here is an utter repudiation of Christ’s substitutionary sacrifice. Satan has caused his papal system to replace Calvary with the mass, and the church and human works to replace Christ as the means of salvation. You will find this rejection of Christ’s atonement in spiritualistic and New Age literature. The final battle is against the Lamb. Even in our church some have rejected the substitutionary sacrifice of Christ, and this should raise a warning flag. It is urgent that we grasp the truth that Christ is our Substitute at the cross, today and in last-day events.

The coming crisis is Christ-centered. It’s more important to focus on Christ than on the crisis, for final events have far more to do with who is coming than with what is coming. The final confederate union is described as lasting only one hour—a small duration—for the King of Kings will defeat human kings and the whole world that supports the Papacy. And note: Those who follow the Lamb, who cling to His substitutionary sacrifice for them, will be saved.

Final events are Christ-centered and not Christian-centered. As we approach them, we cry out, “Nothing in my hand I bring, simply to Thy cross I cling.” It is this picture of clinging to our substitute Savior that takes the saints through final events, just as Jacob clung to the pre-incarnate Christ during the typical time of Jacob’s trouble.
The saints depend solely upon Calvary for their salvation and Christ for their deliverance. This radically affects the way they look at last-day events. They see the coming crisis in the context of the crucified and conquering Christ, and are saved from all fear of the future. For “perfect love drives out fear.”

Context of Revelation 13

Revelation 13 must be studied within three contexts. Its Old Testament source chapter is Daniel 7, its general context is the Book of Revelation, and its immediate context is chapters 12-15.

Daniel 7 Source Chapter. Non-Seventh-day Adventist scholars recognize the connection between Daniel 7 and Revelation 13, as seen, for example, in the work of Greg K. Beale of Gordon Conwell Theological Seminary and Alan F. Johnson of The Expositor’s Bible Commentary. Although they arrive at different interpretations from Adventists, it is important that other scholars are connecting the two chapters. So should all Seventh-day Adventists, for this is one way to take the terror out of last-day events.

Daniel 7 clearly calls in question the dominance of the global Papacy in Revelation 13. Daniel 7 is the first mention of the Papacy in Scripture. Three times it is introduced, and immediately the results of the pre-advent judgment are given: the Papacy will be destroyed and God’s saints will be delivered. It is urgent that we realize why Satan has attacked our doctrine of the pre-advent judgment, for it is precisely in this judgment that his global system is condemned. It must be grasped by Adventists that the death decree verdict of Revelation 13:15 comes after the destruction-deliverance verdict of the pre-advent judgment.

Adventists need to look beyond the death decree verdict on earth to the prior pre-advent verdict in heaven, for the heavenly verdict nullifies the verdict on earth. The heavenly court overrules the courts of the earth, which are bent on causing the whole world to conform to the Papacy and its day of worship. Compare verses from both chapters. Revelation 13:2-4 states, “The dragon [Satan] gave the beast his power and his throne and great authority. . . . The whole world was astonished and followed the beast [Papacy]. Men worshiped the dragon [Satan] because he had given authority to the beast [Papacy], and they also worshiped the beast [Papacy] and asked, ‘Who is like the beast? Who can make war against him?’” (NIV).

The rest of the Book of Revelation answers that question, showing that Christ Himself will make war against the beast. Daniel 7:13 and 14 shows why: “I looked, and there before me was one like a son of man, coming with the clouds of heaven. He approached the Ancient of Days and was led into his presence. He [Christ] was given authority, glory and sovereign power; all peoples, nations and men of every language worshiped him. His dominion is an everlasting dominion that will not pass away, and his kingdom is one that will never be destroyed” (NIV). So the true Christ will overcome the false christ and his system.

General Context in Revelation. Now to the general context of the Book of Revelation. A throne-room scene precedes each of the seven divisions of the book that reveal troubles to take place on earth. They shout out, “Look up here, and see the Crucified Christ on the throne. He is in charge. He is here as the Son of man. He understands. He went through the great time of trouble for you. He has not forgotten you. He will be with you.” And sometimes the end-time saints are already pictured as being in heaven, so sure is their victory through the coming crisis.

Revelation 16–19 reveals the pre-advent, end-time destruction of the world’s powers and peoples that have combined in war against God’s saints. Plagues and Armageddon will decimate those warring against the saints. These judgments come to implement the pre-advent judgment verdict. Great will be the destruction of the powers of Revelation 13, and glorious will be the deliverance of the saints against whom they battle. Christ will stand up, and great will be the deliverance of His saints.

Revelation 17:12-17 shows that the 10 kings will turn on Babylon and on the false churches that are her daughters and bring them to ruin. This seems to agree with Daniel 7:11, 12, which says the little horn is slain and the other beasts, stripped of their authority, live on for a period of time.

Immediate Context of Revelation
The translated saints, called the 144,000, are only twice mentioned by that name in Revelation, and both times the vision of them is in heaven with the Lamb. They are Christ’s senators and have an eternal mission with Him. What an awesome privilege to be in this group who will be translated—the modern Elijah people.
Clearly, the Christ who led His people through the Red Sea will lead His people through final events. In both, Christ’s part is to get them safely through. Their part is to trust Him completely. No wonder Moses said, “Do not be afraid. Stand firm and you will see the deliverance the Lord will bring you today. The Egyptians you see today you will never see again. The Lord will fight for you; you need only to be still.”

The mighty acts of God in the great time of trouble fill the song! How awesome His destruction of the wicked. How wondrous His deliverance of the saints (Dan. 12:1). Not one word about trouble gets into the song. And this they sing as they follow Christ in eternity (Rev. 14:1-4). If it’s worth singing about so long after it happened, it must be worth going through! That’s the good news about last-day events! What do you suppose the three Hebrews in the fiery furnace would have told their grandchildren? Was it about the flames heated seven times hotter or about the presence of the pre-incarnate Christ in there with them (Dan. 3:8-25)?

We must see beyond the coming crisis to Christ. What’s the song of the 144,000 called? It’s “the song of Moses, and the song of the Lamb” (Rev. 15:3, KJV). The passage through last-day events is typified by the passage through the Red Sea. Isaiah said, “He who brought them through the sea, with the shepherd of his flock” (Isa. 63:11, NIV). Moses called Him the “angel of God” (Ex. 14:19, NIV). Luke said, “An angel appeared to Moses in the flames of a burning bush ‘I am the God of your father’” (Acts 7:30, 32, NIV). Daniel said when Michael the archangel stands up, there will be the worst time of trouble ever, but at that time the saints will be delivered (Dan. 12:1). And Christ promises to be with us until the end of the world (Matt. 28:20).

Clearly, the Christ who led His people through the Red Sea will lead His people through final events. In both, Christ’s part is to get them safely through. Their part is to trust Him completely. No wonder Moses said, “‘Do not be afraid. Stand firm and you will see the deliverance the Lord will bring you today. The Egyptians you see today you will never see again. The Lord will fight for you; you need only to be still’” (Ex. 14:13, 14, NIV).

This is the deeper meaning of the Sabbath in final events. It’s resting in Christ and not being afraid of the whole world against us. There is rest in true worship. Like Jehoshaphat, surrounded by enemy nations, end-time saints will feel helpless. In 2 Chronicles 20:12 the king cried out, “‘O our God, will you not judge them? For we have no power to face this vast army that is attacking us. We do not know what to do, but our eyes are upon you’” (NIV). That’s the focus—on Christ, not on the crisis. There is no more need of a Mediator in heaven. The saints are sealed (Rev. 7:1-3). But they need a Mediator with them on earth. Christ will cross the Red Sea of final events with us even as He did with ancient Israel. That’s the good news about final events! Or to change the analogy, Christ will be in the fiery furnace with them (Dan. 3:25-26).

In utter contrast, the third angel’s message says that the wicked have no rest, for they worship the beast and His image. They have no rest because the Spirit is withdrawn from the world (not from God’s people). Satan has full control of them. So in the great time of trouble, it’s the world that has no rest—not the saints! What’s the use of controlling the world when they have no rest? They do not have Christ with them, but the saints do. That’s the decisive difference in the end time. The Lamb makes all the difference! The wicked, and not the saints, will have the greatest time of trouble.

How to Be Among the 144,000

Have you ever wondered why the vision of the victorious 144,000 comes before the three angels’ messages? The messages come to tell us how to be in the group. They say much more, but I want to focus on the experience they speak about—an experience that will lead to the experience that the 144,000 will have in the great time of trouble. The first angel’s message says, Look to Christ. Reverence the One who is the Creator of heaven and Earth—especially in the judgment time. Do not look to yourself and be afraid of your name coming up in judgment, but look to Him, and by beholding Him become ever more like Him (2 Cor. 3:18). By beholding, become like Jesus.

Then the second message: Babylon is fallen. Babylon means self-dependence. Remember the tower of Babel (Genesis 11). This kind of self-dependence crumbles as we gaze on Jesus.

Then the third message about the image to the beast, the union of
church and state. What is this experientially? It means to try no longer to be religious (church) through our own secular (state) power. Put the three together. Behold Jesus and become like Him, so that you no longer depend upon self; even to the extent that you no longer try to be religious through your own secular power.

This is righteousness by faith. This is the total dependence upon Christ necessary to get us through final events. This is the essence of the end-time Sabbath test—resting in Him alone! As Luke 15:5 says that the Shepherd puts the sheep on His shoulders and carries it all the way home. That's the only way to go through final events.

Armageddon

Armageddon is written large over Revelation 14-19. It clearly demonstrates that the greatest time of trouble is for the wicked and not for the saints. Consider two examples. Both are second-advent scenes. In Revelation 14:14 we read, “I looked, and there before me was a white cloud, and seated on the cloud was one ‘like a son of man’ with a crown of gold on his head and a sharp sickle in his hand” (NIV). The focus is on the humanity of Jesus. The crown (stephanos) signifies Christ’s victory over Satan in His life and death. The One who defeated Satan and His followers already at Calvary comes vaulting through the heavens just as the Papacy and its fiends move to implement the death decree.

Revelation 14:6-13 presents the message of the three angels; verses 14-20, the mission of three more angels. The destruction of the wicked is effected by destroying angels, as in the Passover night of Israel’s exodus. Jesus comes for the saints. He comes as one who has been through end-time troubles for us.

Revelation 19:14-21 is the other scene of Christ’s second advent. Now Christ comes on a white horse, “With justice he judges and makes war. His eyes are like blazing fire, and on his head are many crowns” (vss. 11, 12, NIV). The focus is on the divinity of Christ. He comes as “King of kings and Lord of lords” (vs. 16, NIV). These crowns are diadems—worn only by royalty, worn because of inherent power and authority, not through winning a race as a human, but worn because Christ is God. Whereas He comes as Son of man to deliver the saints in Revelation 14, He comes as Son of God to destroy their enemies in Revelation 19.

Note how the two beasts of Revelation 13—the Papacy and the U.S.A. as Apostate Protestantism in the U.S.A., are overcome by Christ. Armageddon needs to be understood in its context. It issues out of Calvary with its double verdict—deliverance to the saints and destruction to their enemies. This is precisely what is looked at during the pre-advent judgment. The saints are those who have accepted what Christ did for them in their place when He was judged at Calvary for them, when He who knew no sin became sin for them. Those who accept His work for them will be delivered. Those who have not accepted His work for them will be destroyed.

The pre-advent judgment is not so much looking at what works we have done as it is looking at our acceptance or non-acceptance of Christ’s work when He was judged in our place at Calvary. It’s the acceptance of Calvary that saves the saints and takes them through final events.

The enemy and the world have not accepted Calvary and will not make it through the end time, even if they seem for a while to triumph. Armageddon issues out of two verdicts, the verdict of Calvary which is worked out in the verdict of the pre-advent judgment. So Armageddon has Calvary and the pre-advent judgment as well as Christ’s intercession before it. The implementation of the pre-advent judgment verdict is the final implementation of Calvary during the pre-advent time.

The rejection of the Lamb is global
He cried out, “My God, My God, why have you forsaken me?” (Matt. 27:46, NIV). He plunged into God-forsakenness so we will never have to. He promises, “Never will I leave you; never will I forsake you” (Heb. 13:5, NIV). Even under such terrible circumstances, Christ didn’t forsake us at Calvary in His final events, nor will He forsake us in our final events.

As our sin-bearer, He felt God-forsaken in His great time of trouble. Though Christ had promised to rise from the dead, build homes for the saints in heaven, and return in the Second Advent, now He could not see through the portals of the tomb. Hope did not present to Him a safe passage through death. He plunged into the abyss and perished. That’s the ultimate meaning of Christ’s substitutionary sacrifice for us. That’s the ultimate of what it means to be the Lamb. And if He went that far for us, and we cling to Him, He will never let us slip out of His hands in final events.

He says to us today: “Do not be afraid, little flock, for your Father has been pleased to give you the kingdom” (Luke 12:32, NIV). That’s the good news about last-day events.

In the great time of trouble, Christ’s voice is heard saying to the saints, “Lo, I am with you. Be not afraid. I am acquainted with all your sorrows; I have borne your griefs. You are not warring against untried enemies. I have fought the battle in your behalf, and in My name you are more than conquerors.”

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6 Ibid., p. 688.
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