The mission of Apollo 16 placed a special camera onto the surface of the Moon. Photographs from this camera surprised scientists by revealing that substantial amounts of hydrogen are leaving Earth’s atmosphere. What did this mean? Water molecules in the upper atmosphere above the ozone layer are shattered into atomic and molecular oxygen and hydrogen by the Sun’s ultraviolet radiation. The hydrogen is lighter than the oxygen and so rises away from the Earth and was thus recorded by the Moon camera. On the other hand, the oxygen is heavier than the hydrogen and falls downward to the Earth. This atomic oxygen is an important source of atmospheric oxygen that is produced without reference to living things, like plants, and their photosynthesis process. Photosynthesis, of course, also makes oxygen.

This space program discovery means, importantly, that oxygen was present in primitive Earth conditions long before any life forms were present. How, therefore, did life get started with this enemy of life forms always present? Evolutionary scientists received this information with a mixed reception, because of the unfavorable implication for origin of life studies.

More good news for creationists came in 1973, when Mariner 10 spacecraft flew by the planet Venus and sent back information that the upper atmosphere of Venus was very
similar in oxygen content to that of Earth. We know of no plant life growing on Venus, therefore, we now have strong evidence that a primitive planet’s atmosphere like that on Venus can contain atomic oxygen even though vegetation is not present on the planet, provided water vapor is available.

This discovery means that we cannot postulate the existence of long periods of the early atmosphere on so-called primitive planet Earth that were free from oxygen. In other words, oxygen, the foe of simple life forms, was present on Earth at the time of the alleged primordial soup. How, then, did life appear on Earth? The space program has shown that life could not have arisen spontaneously and naturally as claimed by evolutionary theory. However, life is here. How did it arise?

Evolutionary scientists have refused to accept as true the biblical account of the origin of life forms at the hand and word of God. However, as Ellen White states, “Since the book of nature and the book of revelation bear the impress of the same master mind, they cannot but speak in harmony. By different methods, and in different languages, they witness to the same great truths.”

The space program discoveries confirm what the book of nature tells us that if oxygen has always been on planet Earth, life could not have arisen by evolutionary principles. As Snow and Javor rightly suggest, this conclusion shows, in harmony with biblical revelation, that life came “through a creative act by the One who commanded that ‘the earth bring forth the living creature after his kind’ (Gen. 1:24).” This is a faith-building implication.

Sometimes science has pleasant surprises for the creationist. The discovery of the existence of oxygen at all times on our Earth, which would block the evolutionary development of life forms, is powerful and encouraging. This strengthens our faith in the biblical statement that, “the grass withers, the flower fades, but the word of our God stands forever” (Isa. 40:8, NASB).

REFERENCES
2 Ibid., p. 159.
3 Ibid.
4 Education, p. 128.
5 Snow and Javor, op cit., p. 160.

On July 21, 2007, at one minute past midnight, the seventh and last Harry Potter book, Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows, went on sale. Released globally in 93 countries, Deathly Hallows broke sales records as the fastest-selling book ever, selling more than 11 million copies in England and in the United States in the first 24 hours following its release. The previous record, nine million in its first day, had been held by Harry Potter and the Half-Blood Prince, volume six of the series.

The Harry Potter books are available in 66 languages in more than 200 countries, and to date about 340 million copies have been sold. What is it in these books that makes children who haven’t read a book in their lives, suddenly read every page of every book J. K. Rowling produces? And many read them more than once. Parents report reading levels jumping four grades in two years. What is it that makes these books the biggest phenomenon in publishing history?

Harry Potter is a young boy in need of friends. His parents were killed by the evil sorcerer Lord Voldemort, and he grows up with an aunt, an uncle, and a cousin who mistreat him throughout his childhood. While living with these relatives, he receives a message that he is to attend Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry, where he discovers that he has supernatural powers. The books recount his experiences and adventures at Hogwarts School. Millions of children identify with Harry the orphan because he is marginalized yet admirable.

The books have been praised to highest heaven and condemned to the lowest hell. The division of opinions is not simply between committed and nominal Christians, but goes right through the conservative evangelical camp. The evangelical magazine Christianity Today has defended the books, and some churches have even used Harry Potter to teach Sunday school.